BIBLIOGRAPHICAL RECORD.

Authors and societies are requested to forward their works to the editors as soon as The date of publication, given in brackets [], marks the time at which the work was received, unless an earlier date of publication is known to recorder or editor. Unless otherwise stated each record is made directly from the work that is noticed.

A colon after initial designates the most common given name, as: A: Angustus; B: Benjamin; C: Charles; D: David: E: Edward; F: Frederic; G: George; H: Henry; I: Isaac; J: John; K: Karl: L: Louis: M: Mark; N: Nicholas; O: Otto; P: Peter; R: Richard: S: Samuel: T: Thomas: W: William. The initials at the end of each record, or note, are those of the recorder.

Corrections of errors and notices of omissions are solicited.

Lubbock, J: On flowers and insects. (Lub-BOCK, J. Scientific lectures, Lond. and N. Y., Macmillan, 1879, p. 1-30, fig. 1-30.)

Treats of the cross-fertilization of plants and the modes by which it is accomplished; rapidity of visits of wasps and bees in collecting honey; color sense in bees.

Lubbock, J: On the habits of ants. (Lub-BOCK, J: Scientific lectures, Lond, and N. Y., Macmillan, 1879, p. 68-96, fig. 45.)

Treats of the metamorphoses, food, domesticated aphides and other insects in the nest, enemies and modes of warfare, industry, longevity, association with one another, slavery, division of labor, intelligence, engin eering, recollection of associates, smell, hearing, sight, and communities of ants.

G: D. (3435)

Lubbock, J: On the habits of ants: continucd. (Lubbock, J: Scientific lectures, Lond, and N. Y., Macmillan, 1879, p. 97-137, fig. 46-51.)

Treats of the absence of affection for one another, recognition of associates, hatred of strangers, agricultural skill (exemlipfied by pogonomyrmex barbatus), tural skill (exemliphed by *pogonomyrmax barbulas*), cooperation, power of communication (compared with that of bees and wasps), power and mode of finding their way (compared with that of bees and wasps), ability or absence of ability to produce and hear sounds, and power of discriminating colors, of ants, ending with a comparison of the advancement among different kinds of anis to "the three great phases: the hunting, pastoral and agricultural stages, in the history of human development."

6: D. (1400)

Lubbock, J: On plants and insects. (LUBвоск. J: Scientific lectures, Lond. and N. Y., Macmillan. 1879, p. 31-67, fig. 31-44.)

Treats of the use of honey by plants as an attraction for flying insects, in order to secure cross-fertilization, and as an attraction for ants, to act as protectors for the plant; structures to keep ants out of flowers; modifications of insects to imitate plants, and thus escape enemies; forms and colors of larvae do not depend upon those of the mature insect, but upon larval habits; richness of adaptive modifications illustrated by a brief description of the transformations of situris; protective coloration of lepidopterous larvae, especially of sphingidae. [Most of the facts in regard to the larvae of sphingidae are, according to author (p. 52), from Weismann's "Studien zur descendenz-theorie. II.

G: D. (3437)

Lubbock, J. Scientific lectures. Lond. and N. Y., Macmillan & co., 1879. 12+188 [+ adv.] p., il.; 1, pl., 23×14.5, t 17×9.8. cl.,

Notice. (Nation, 16 Oct. 1879, v. 29, p. 262.)

Rev. (Westminster rev. [Amer. ed.], Oct. 1879. p. 287-288, 48 cm.)

Rev. (Amer. journ. sci. and arts, Nov.

1879, s. 3, v. 18, p. 418.) Rev. by A. R. W[allace], entitled "Lubbock's Scientific lectures." (Nature, 7 Aug. 1879. v. 20. p. 335-336, 38 cm.)

Contains six lectures, by author, with following titles, which see: -1. On flowers and insects [Rec., 3434], p. 1-30, -2. On plants and insects [Rec., 3437] p. 31-67; -3. On the labits of ants [Rec., 3437], p. 35-67; -3. On the labits of ants [Rec., 3435], p. 08-06. -4. On the labits of acts: continued [Rec., 3430], p. 97-137; -5 and o [not entomological]. G: D. (3438)

Müller, Hermann. Die bedeutung der honigbiene für unsere blumen. [No. 1-9.] (Eichstädter bienenzeitung, 1875, v. 31: 15 Apr., p. 81-82; 15 May, p. 102-104; 31 May, p. 109-111; 15 June, p. 122-125; 15 July, p. 138-141; 31 July, p. 165: 1876, v. 32; 31 Jan., p. 20-22; 1 June, p. 119-123; 15 July, p. 170-184.

Abstract of nos. 8-9, by H. Müller, under full title. (Bot. jahresbericht ... Just, 1876, v. 4. p. 946. 7 cm.)

V. 4. p. 940. 7 Cm.)

A series of nine articles, as follows: 1. The Sprengel-Darwinian theory of flowers. 2. The adaptation of lanium album to bombus. 3. The mutual adaptations of bombus and flowers which it visits, 4. The gradual development of the pollen-baskets of upis, 5. Gradual correlated increase in the care for their young, and in the pollen-bearing efficiency of tenthredinidae, equipidae, ichneumonidae and sphegidae. 6. The care of certain sphegidae (pompilus) for their young. 7. What bees have inherited from lower hymenoptera, and what they have accurred for themselves. 8. Statistical combees have inherited from lower mynenopera, and they have acquired for themselves. 8. Statistical com-parison of the floral activity of lower hymenoptera. 9. Statistical comparison of the floral activity of the lower and higher bees. II. M. (3439)

Müller, Hermann. Die stellung der honigbiene in der blumenwelt. 1. (Bienen-zeitung, 15 Jan. 1882, jahrg. 38, p. 22-24.)

Records the visits of apis mellifica to an emophilous W: T. (3440)

Ormerod, Eleanor A. Effects of warmth and surrounding atmospheric conditions on silkworm larvae. (Entomologist, June 1882, v. 15, p. 127-129.)

Experiments upon the effects of temperature and moisture in rearing bombyx mori, (7; D. (3.441)

P[ackard], A[lpheus] S[pring, jr.]. The insects of May. (Amer. nat., May 1867, v. 1, p. 162-164, 3 fig.)

Figures carpocapsa fomonella, phyllobrotica vittata, and constructelus nenuphar, and gives brief notes on many other insects.

G: D. (3442)

Osten Sacken, C: Robert. Dimorphism of female blepharoceridae. (Entom. mo. mag., Feb. 1881, v. 17, p. 206.)

Notice of private letter from F. Müller, proving "three facts, new to the student of blephoroceridae; i, that male and female do not always have the head and the tront of the same structure; 2, that some species may have two forms of females; 3, that one of these forms has the organs of the mouth built upon a plan different from the type hitherto described as peculiar to the female."

B: P. M. (3443)

Patton. W: Hampton. Description of the species of *macropis*. (Entom. mo. mag., July 1880, v. 17, p. 31-35.)

Describes macrofis ciliata n. sp., and m. fatellata n. sp., and varieties of the former; remarks upon the criteria of species in this genus, and upon the distinctness of the forms hitherto described as separate species in Europe,

B: P. M. (344)

Reuter, Odo Moraunal. Diagnoses quatuor novarum pentatomidarum. (Entom. mo. mag., Mch. 1881, v. 17, p. 233-234.)

Describes 2 new species of carbula from the Amur and China, edesso fuscidorsata n, sp. from Mexico and Bogota, and aspongorus nigroaeneus n, sp. from Siam.

B: P. M. (3445)

[Riley, C: Valentine.] Galls on supposed dock. (Amer. entom. and bot., May 1870, v. 2, p. 212, 4 cm.)

Gelechia gallae-solidaginis forms galls on stems of solidago; gastrophysa cyanea breeds on rumex, B: P. M. (3446)

[Riley, C: Valentine.] Raspberry gouty gall. (Amer. entom., Feb. 1870, v. 2, p. 128, 11 cm., fig. 90.)

Ravages of and means against agrilus ruficollis; description and figure of larva. B: P. M. (3447)

[Riley, C: Valentine.] Raspberry root-gall. (Amer. entom. and bot., Apr. 1870, v. 2, p. 181, 13 cm., fig. 110.)

Description and figure of gall of rhodites radicum, occurring on roots of rosaceae and especially of rosa; genera of parasites raised from it; interest of the question of the manner and extent of parasitization of this gall.

B. P. M. (3448)

[Riley, C: Valentine.] Rose-gall and pupa of archippus butterfly. (Amer. entom. and bot., Sep. 1870, v. 2, p. 307, 7 cm., fig. 189.)

Figure of pupa of danais archippus; brief descriptions of three undetermined species of galls on rose-leat, doubtless all formed by rhodites.

B: P. M. (3449)

Riley, C: Valentine. The solidago gall moth: gelechia gallaesolidaginis, n. sp. (1st ann. rept. state entom. Mo., [Mch.] 1869, p. 173-178, fig. 96-97; pl. 2, fig. 1-2, 5-9-)

Occurrence of galls of trypeta (acinia) solidaginis on stems of solidago nemoralis; description and figures of gall, larva and imago of gelechia gallussolidaginis and of imagos of pirene? in. sp., eurytoma bolteri in. sp., and hemiteles? cressonii in. sp.; description of imago of microgaster gelechiae in. sp., and mention of pimpla in. sp. and ephialles in. sp., all these being parasites on the grelechia; seasons, habits, food-plants [solidago spp.] and geographical distribution of the gelechia, and habits of the pirene?, hemiteles? and microgaster and of an introding larva perhaps of obserea sp.; comparison of the gelechia and its gall with cochylis hilarana and its gall on artemisia campestris in France.

B: P. M. (3450)

[Riley, C: Valentine.] The trumpet grapegall. Vitis viticola, O. S. (Amer. entom., Feb. 1870, v. 2, p. 113-114, 19 cm., fig. 76.)

Reprint of figure of gall figured in [B: D. Walsh and C: V. Riley's] "The trumpet grape-gall" (of. cit., Sep.-Oct. 180), p. 28) [Rec., 3353], fig. 27; under the name of vitis-linus; this gall previously described as that of cecidomyia viticola; occurrence of similar gall in England, on tilia probably caused by mites.

B: P. M. (3451)

[Walsh, B: Dann and C: Valentine Riley.] An apple growing on a grape vine. (Amer. entom., Oct. 1868, v. 1, p. 28, 12 cm.)

Extract from Richmond [Va.] whig, with criticism; a gall of cecidomyia vitis-formen mistaken for an apple growing on a grape-vine. [Further accounts of the same given in (authors') "The apple growing on a grape vine" (op. cit., Nov. 1808, p. 54) (Rec., 3453), and in (authors') "Galls and their architects" (op. cit., Feb., 1809) (Rec., 3349), p. 106.]

[Walsh, B: Dann and C: Valentine Riley.] The apple growing on a grape vine. (Amer. entom., Nov. 1868, v. 1, p. 54, 7 cm.)

The "vegetable phen menon" described in | anthors' |
"An apple growing on a grape vine" (op. cit., Oct. 1888, p. 28) [Rec., 3452] proved to be a gall [described and figured as that of cecidomyia vitis-formum, s.p., in (authors') "Galls and their architects" (op. cit., Feb. 1869) (Rec., 3349), p. 100].

[Walsh, B: Dann and C: Valentine Riley.] Oak-leaf gall. (Amer. entom., Sep.-Oct. 1869, v. 2, p. 29, 22 cm.)

Description of galls of cecidomyia quereus-pillulae and c, q.-[?.symmetrica]; occurrence of cynipidae as guests in galls of cecidomyidae; difference between larvae of cynipidae and cecidomyidae; transformations of cecidomyia q.-pillulae and of the cynips inquilinous in its gall; distinction of the annual and biennial groups of quereus and of the galls occurring on trees of the one or the other group.

B: P. M. (3454)